

Decision support for balancing water availability and water demand

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This model

calculates the

surface water

groundwater recharge.

To assess the groundwater

dynamics of the

groundwater model

MODFLOW will be

availability and the

The SDSS BenHydro

The SDSS BenHydro was developed to support the water management of the Ouémé catchment. It enables the user to analyse the impact of environmental changes (land use, climate) and changes of socio-economic conditions on available water resources and on water demand. It is designed for decision makers in water management in Benin with low experience in hydrological modelling.



The highlights of the system are:

Database

contains datasets with results from

different models or other SDSS:

Climate scenarios (REMO)

 Demographic scenarios (DemProj)

· Water demand scenarios

Livestock (BenIMPACT)

landuse and water

manually by the user.

The user can combine the climate

scenarios via a Graphical User

Interface. In addition scenarios can

be defined for the water demand

(BenEau)

• Land use scenarios (LUMIS)

database of BenHvdro

- Interdisciplinary modelling approach combining climate, land use and hydrologic modelling with water demand
- Simple to use Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Definition of predefined and user-defined scenarios possible
- Exportable results

The

included into the system.

Toolbase

Modelling of water availability

del DEM-PRO

To assess the water availability for different scenarios an interdisciplinary modelling approach is applied. This approach combines the results of the

climate model REMO (after downscaling), the LandUseCoverChange

model CLUE-S with the hydrological model UHP-HRU.

The IMPETUS framework contains several tool for analysing the obtained results of each SDSS.In BenHydro the following tools are implemented:

- Results can be displayed as maps, charts and tables for different catchments
- All result presentations are exportable
- Different scenarios are stored in the results database and can be compared with each other
- Water availability and water demand can be compared to assess the potential hotspots of water scarcity.

The Graphical User Interface

demand

The user is guided through the system with a Graphical User Interface which is imbedded in the IMPETUS SDSS framework.

In addition to predefined IMPETUS scenarios the user can create his own scenarios. For example different reservoirs with different water withdrawals can be defined.

In the water demand dialog frame the user can define the development of the household, agricultural and industrial water demand according to his own ideas.

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The water demand for Benin is calculated in an other SDSS called BenEau. The user switches to the interface of BenEau by choosing the water demand option in BenHydro. In BenEau the three IMPETUSscenarios for water demand are available. In addition the user can define his own scenarios. The system includes household, industrial and agricultural water demand for different scenarios. The figure shows the water demand of different user groups in the Ouémé-Bonou catchment for the three IMPETUS scenarios.



Conclusions

- The assessment of the future development of water availability and water demand with plausible scenarios is important for the water management.
 With an user friendly SDSS the water authorities in Benin can easily
- visualise the different scenarios and create their own scenarios with other options.
- The open-source technology allows a free distribution of the tools in the target countries.
- To insure a sustainable implementation of the tools in Benin, the SDSS are discussed with the relevant stakeholders in order to improve the systems. Furthermore stakeholder trainings are carried out.





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